



Policies & Procedures

MONTANA PRIVATE APPLICATOR PROGRAM

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Table of Contents

1. Introduction	3
1.1 Background.....	3
2. Certification	3
2.1 Initial Certification.....	3
2.3 Recertification.....	4
2.2 Differential Credit Requirements.....	5
2.4 Licensing Out-of-state or Commercial Applicators.....	6
2.5 Pesticide License Age Requirements.....	6
3. Pesticide Education Events	6
3.1 Initial Private Applicator Training.....	6
3.2 Core Categories.....	7
3.2.1 Private Applicator License.....	7
3.2.2 Reading the Pesticide Product Label.....	7
3.2.3 Integrated Pest Management	7
3.2.4 Pesticide Safety.....	8
3.2.5 Pesticide Laws	8
3.2.6 Calibration of Pesticide Spray Equipment.....	8
3.2.7 Pesticides in the Environment: Movement & Degradation	9
3.3 Assigning Pesticide Recertification Credits.....	9
3.4 Requesting Recertification Credits	9
3.4.1 Program Attendance	10
3.4.2 Program Completion.....	10
4. Applicator License Fees	10
5. PAT County Funds.....	11

1. Introduction

This publication describes Montana State University (MSU) Extension Pesticide Education Program (PEP) policies created to meet the requirements of [FIFRA](#), [The Montana Pesticide Act](#) & [MT Administrative Rules](#). The policies are binding only to the Montana Private Applicator Program, and do not represent policies of the Montana Commercial Applicator Program including commercial, government or non-commercial applicators. Individuals interested in changing these policies or procedures should direct suggestions to MSU PEP at ctharp@montana.edu, (406) 994-5067. New policies are enacted through careful consideration from MSU PEP stakeholders.

1.1 Background

In 2015, the Montana Department of Agriculture (MDA) and MSU Extension signed a [memorandum-of-agreement](#) in which both parties agree MSU Extension will coordinate the certification and training of the Montana Private Applicator Program. In addition, all MSU Extension personnel demonstrating, making recommendations, researching or supervising the use of pesticides, and/or conducting pesticide training are to be licensed (certified) as government applicators in the commercial applicator program. Under this agreement most county agents act as local Private Applicator Training (PAT) [Coordinators](#). PAT programs are developed and conducted by PAT Coordinators within each county or reservation. Sometimes, a county agent may act as the PAT Coordinator for multiple counties. Where there is no county agent available, other individuals may be PAT Coordinators upon approval by the MDA and MSU PEP. In a few cases other non-extension individuals are local PAT Coordinators. Tribal Extension agents also conduct PAT programs often covering more than one county. Montana is divided into five PAT districts with one of the districts reaching the end of their recertification cycle annually.

2. Certification

2.1 Initial Certification

Private Applicators must be licensed prior to purchasing and using a pesticide designated by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or MDA as a restricted use pesticide (RUP) on land they own, rent or lease for the purpose of growing an agricultural commodity. To become certified a Private Applicator **must** have a copy of the [Montana Addendum](#) and [EPA Core Manual](#) in their possession prior to:

- A. Passing the 50 question open book **Montana Private Applicator Certification Exam** at their local Extension office with a 70% or better. The test may be proctored by any member of the MSU Extension office as long as this individual is supervised by the designated PAT Coordinator.

- B. Attending a seven-hour training session and taking a 50 question open book '**ungraded quiz**'. These seven-hour sessions must adhere to criteria set forth for initial programs (section 3).

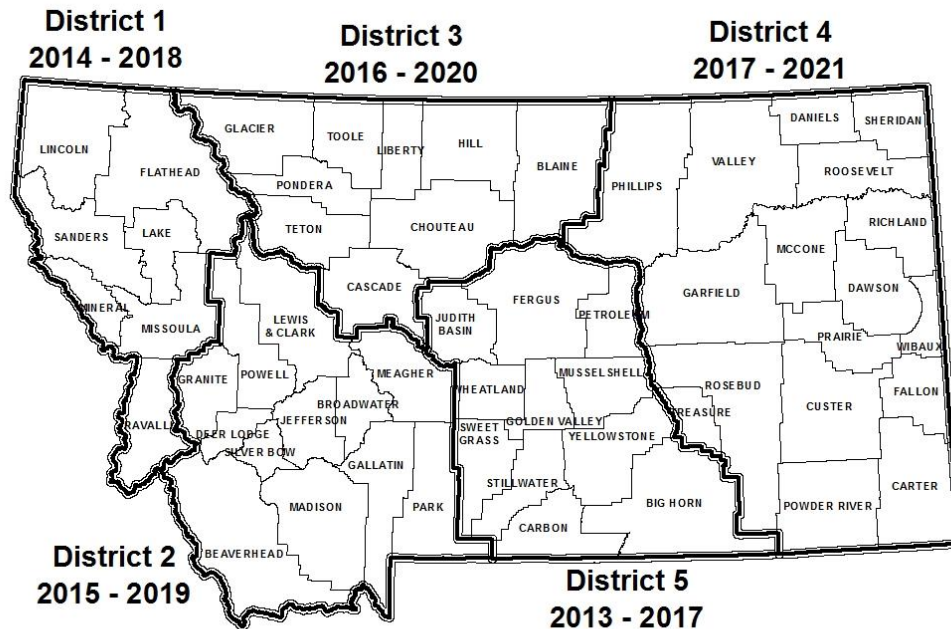
The agent must review the exam with individuals who answered less than 70% of the questions correctly or they must review the answers to the '**ungraded quiz**' after completion by the applicators.

Upon successful completion of the certification exam:

1. The agent must note the exam score on the [Application for Private Farm Applicator Special Use Permit](#) provided by the MDA.
2. The agent must sign the application in the appropriate box.
3. The applicator must mail the signed application and fee to the MDA, or the agent collects the fee from the applicator and mails the application and fee to the MDA.
4. The applicator will then receive a permit in the mail and will be entered into the MDA pesticide applicator database.

2.3 Recertification

Once an individual has received their private pesticide license they are termed as a recertifying applicator and are assigned to one of five districts with a five-year recertification cycle dependent on their county of residence. The districts are illustrated below:



In order to be eligible to renew their private (farm) license for another [five-year cycle](#), recertifying applicants have two options:

1. Complete the 50 question **closed book** Montana Private Applicator Certification Exam during the last year of their certification cycle and pass it with a 70% or better. The agent will go over the exam with individuals who answered less than 70% correct.
2. Accrue six recertification credits over the course of the five-year recertification cycle for their district. The accrual of six credits does not need to take place in the last year of the certification cycle but can be spread out over the five-year period.

If an applicator allows their certification to lapse by not attaining six recertification credits prior to the January 1 deadline they must take a **closed** book Montana Private Applicator Certification Exam within the 12 months after their license expired to requalify. The lapsed applicator can once again take the open book exam 12 months after his license lapses. The lapsed applicator has the option of attending a seven-hour initial certification training session and taking the 50 question open book 'ungraded quiz' at any time.

2.2 Differential Credit Requirements

Individuals who enter the system prior to June 30 of the third year of their certification cycle must accrue six recertification credits before the end of the recertification cycle in order to be eligible to renew. Applicants who obtain their license after June 30 of the third year of their certification

cycle only need to accumulate three recertification credits to be eligible for renewal. Initial applicators who obtain their license in the last 12 months of their recertification cycle do not need to accrue any credits before the end of their recertification cycle.

For example, applicator John Doe lives in Gallatin County (District 2). For this example, his recertification cycle is from January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019. He takes the 50 question exam at his local extension office on May 19, 2018 (fourth year of the recertification cycle). He needs to obtain only three recertification credits by the end of December 31, 2019. On the other hand, Jane Doe, who also lives in Gallatin County, received her license on April 15, 2019 (fifth year of recertification cycle). She DOES NOT need to accumulate any recertification credits to renew her license.

2.4 Licensing Out-of-state or Commercial Applicators

Private, commercial, or government applicators from another state moving to Montana who desire a Private Applicator license will need to pass the Montana Private Applicator Certification Exam and pay the appropriate fees.

Montana government, commercial or non-commercial applicators desiring a Montana Private Applicator license must:

1. Present a valid MT license to a PAT Coordinator;
2. Fill out the Application for Private Farm Applicator Special Use Permit;
3. Purchase or have in their possession The Montana Private Applicator Addendum;
4. Send the permit application with appropriate fee to the MDA.

2.5 Pesticide License Age Requirements

Private Applicators must be a minimum of 16 years old to hold a private (farm) applicator license in Montana.

3. Pesticide Education Events

3.1 Initial Private Applicator Training

RUP's are pesticides available for purchase and use only by certified pesticide applicators or persons under their direct supervision. This designation is assigned to a pesticide product due to its **relatively high degree of potential human and/or environmental hazard**. Therefore, initial pesticide training programs are primarily geared towards pesticide safety, preventing environmental contamination from pesticides and compliance with pertinent pesticides laws and regulations.

Initial training programs must be a minimum of seven-hours over seven core topics, followed by a 50 question open book quiz. PAT Coordinators who want to host a Private Applicator Initial

Training must submit the program agenda to the Pesticide Education Specialist at ctharp@montana.edu for approval. The agenda must include presentation time slots, presentation titles, speakers and speaker affiliation, as well as the event date, location, contact and registration information. Once approved the event is given a program number and the PAT Coordinator will be sent an approved sign-in sheet. If the PAT Coordinator wishes to offer recertification credits the agenda must be submitted to the MDA as outlined in Section 3.3.

3.2 Core Categories

The following subject areas and topics are required for seven-hour Initial Private Applicator Training events.

3.2.1 Private Applicator License

- Minimum of 30 minutes.
- What are pesticides and what are RUP's?
- How to read your license number and why it is important.
- Recertifying.
- Pesticide fees and where they go.
- What you can and can't do with your license.

3.2.2 Reading the Pesticide Product Label

- Minimum of 30 minutes.
- What are active versus inert ingredients and signal words?
- What/where do you find the restricted entry interval (REI)?
- What/where is the pesticide product rate? Can you go above product rates?
- What/where do you find storage and disposal information?
- Importance of crop and site locations.

3.2.3 Integrated Pest Management

- Minimum of 60 minutes.
- Definition of integrated pest management (IPM).
- Benefits of IPM (why zero tolerance doesn't work).
- Economic thresholds & economic injury levels.
- Monitoring techniques.
- Pest identification.
- Control methods (chemical, cultural, bio-control, transgenic, and mechanical).
- Resistance/resistance management.

3.2.4 Pesticide Safety

- Minimum of 90 minutes.
- What is toxicity? Acute vs. chronic.
- Four routes of exposure.
- Pesticide formulations and applicator safety: liquid vs. dry formulations.
- What is an LD50? Signal words.
- Protecting yourself: personal protective equipment (PPE)
- Laundering pesticide contaminated clothing.
- Proper pesticide storage: storage of pesticides in their original containers, triple rinsing, storage checklist, disposal of empty containers and excess pesticide product.
- Procedures for poisoning.
- Heat stress
- Cleaning PPE and pesticide equipment
- Interactive demonstration: demonstrating use of PPE, reading the label and selecting PPE, fluorescent dye tracer demonstrating exposure, etc.

3.2.5 Pesticide Laws

- Minimum of 60 minutes.
- [Worker Protection Standard \(WPS\)](#).
- Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA).
- Montana Pesticides Act and other Montana laws and regulations.
- MPDES.
- Federal recordkeeping requirements: key elements to record, how to use calibration formulas to help you keep accurate records.

3.2.6 Calibration of Pesticide Spray Equipment

- Minimum of 90 minutes.
- Determining GPA of hand, boom and broadjet sprayers.
- Determining nozzle output.
- Reading a nozzle specification sheet.
- Understanding the effects of speed and pressure.
- Acres you can spray with a given volume.
- Amount of pesticide product to add to the tank.
- Pesticide solution to add to the tank.
- Useful conversions (pints to ounces, gallons to ounces, etc.).
- Using calibration formulas to help keep pesticide records.
- Calibration exercises.
- Interactive demonstration: Calibrating GPA of handsprayer, boom or boomless sprayer.

3.2.7 Pesticides in the Environment: Movement & Degradation

- Minimum of 60 minutes.
- Pesticide properties in regards to environmental contamination.
- Solubility.
- Soil binding capabilities (adsorption).
- Pesticide behavior in the soil: leaching, runoff, and groundwater contamination.
- Drift.
- Volatilization.
- How nozzles and pressure contribute to drift.
- Degradation.

3.3 Assigning Pesticide Recertification Credits

The guiding principle towards assigning recertification credits to a program is if the topic(s) will contribute to the competence in the use and handling of pesticides by a private applicator ([40 CFR 171](#)). Pesticide recertification credits are granted for the attendance and successful completion of an approved training or educational workshop or seminar held for the recertification of Private Applicator licenses. In general, 50 minutes to one hour of instruction equals one credit.

Recertification programs will receive credits for programs related to the [core areas described by the MDA](#). These programs should strive to be relevant to the interest of the target audience. Applicators do not need to accrue credits in each of the subject areas in order to qualify for recertification.

It is a Private Applicator's responsibility to attend only programs approved for private applicator recertification credits. Montana commercial pesticide credits or pesticide credits from another state won't automatically constitute a Montana private applicator credit award. All out-of-state programs must be submitted through the private applicator program credit request process described below.

3.4 Requesting Recertification Credits

A completed MDA '[Request for Pesticide Course Recertification Credit Assignment](#)' must be submitted at least **30 days** in advance of the scheduled program. A training program must be approved for recertification credits before the program can be advertised as qualifying for recertification credits.

Pesticide recertification credits will be awarded for each program credit request submittal qualifying for a credit award. If separate credit awards are desired for morning and afternoon sessions, or for multiple day events, a coordinator must submit each session as a separate program request. For example, a three-day conference would need to have a program credit request for each day credits are desired.

Resources for trainings are diverse, including Extension agents, Extension specialists, MDA specialists, MSU Agricultural Research Station faculty, MSU faculty, industry personnel, Weed District personnel, and other non-biased personnel from government institutions. Non-Extension sponsored meetings can include producer organizational meetings, pesticide product updates, weed district meetings, etc.

Accredited programs will be assigned a program number by the MDA. This number is for both private and commercial credits. Agents requesting the program will be emailed verification of accreditation within 14 days of a completed program credit request including an official sign-in sheet to be used at the event.

3.4.1 Program Attendance

During the program a sign-in sheet must be filled out completely with the applicator's license number, first and last name, county, contact information and signature. Illegible or incomplete entries may result in the applicator not receiving credits. Prior to sign-in sheet submission, program sponsors should review the sign-in sheet for proper license numbers. Sponsors may review applicator license information on the [searchable database](#) by entering the license number or the applicator's first and last name.

Applicators are encouraged to keep track of the programs they attend. It is the Private Applicator's responsibility to correctly assign their pesticide license number on a program sign-in sheet. Applicators who neglect to sign the sign-in sheet will not receive credit after the program has completed.

3.4.2 Program Completion

Forward a copy of your sign-in sheets to the MDA Pesticide Applicator Training office within 14 days of program completion. Once the program is finished, course attendees can be reviewed by entering the program number into the MDA [Meeting Attendees Search](#).

4. Applicator License Fees

In 2017, legislative changes to the Montana Pesticide Act resulted in increased fees for the Private Applicator (farm) license. The new fee for each private applicator during the five-year recertification period is \$60.00. The \$60.00 is distributed in the following manner:

- \$15.00 (25%) to MDA for administration.
- \$15.00 (25%) to fund the Waste Pesticides and Pesticide Container Disposal Program.
- \$30.00 (50%) to MSU Extension Service broken down as follows:
 - \$5.00 (8%) to the MSU PEP.

- \$25.00 (42%) to the county Extension office in which the Private Applicator resides. This money is used to support pesticide certification and training programs conducted in those counties.

The \$60 applicator license fees are prorated over the [five-year Private Applicator certification cycle](#). Certification cycles are staggered by district. For example, an initial applicator paying their fees during the 2nd year of the cycle would pay \$48.00. The payment in the 3rd year would be \$36.00 and so forth.

5. PAT County Funds

PAT funds can be used by PAT Coordinators for the purpose of supporting their county's PAT programs including educational supplies, conference rooms, speaker costs including hotel and travel, catering, travel to pesticide train the trainer programs and equipment. PAT funds can be used by PAT Coordinators for an entire purchase if the equipment purchased is to be used for pesticide applicator trainings more than 50% of the time. Anything less than 50% indicates pesticide fees may pay for only a portion of the purchase; however some exceptions are outlined in the bulleted list below. For example, if the county is going to use a laptop computer 80% of the time for day-to-day office work and 20% of the time for pesticide education uses, the pesticide applicator fund may pay 20% of the costs. Pesticide applicator funds:

- CANNOT be used to purchase ATV's or other vehicles unless those vehicles will be used 50% of the time for pesticide TRAINING purposes.
- CANNOT be used to purchase herbicides or pesticide applicator equipment unless that equipment will be used 50% of the time for pesticide TRAINING purposes
- CANNOT be used to fund travel to meetings unless 50% of the presentations attended are related to pesticide use.
- CANNOT be used to purchase alcohol.

Any county Extension office or those working under their delegated authority may utilize county PAT funds available to their respective county or counties. Tribal Extension agents may also qualify to use county PAT funds through cooperation of the coinciding county Extension office.

Only PAT Coordinators can request pesticide applicator funds. See the [Instructions for Accessing PAT County Funds](#) for more information. PAT Coordinators must submit a Banner Payment Authorization (BPA) to their regional Department Head only after PAT expenditures are finalized and receipts are in hand. A BPA, receipts and invoice should be forwarded to the regional Department Head for signature. The regional Department Head will forward the approved document to the Budget & Fiscal Director. MSU Extension will then reimburse the individual/companies indicated on the BPA.